

## Al-Hasakah Province - Revolution Dossier

**Summary:** Northeast multi-actor governance landscape with persistent security and aid complexity.

**Where:** Qamishli-Hasakah axis, mixed-control districts, and border-linked zones.

**What happened:** Layered military presence, changing alliances, detention concerns, and recurring service gaps.

**Why it mattered:** The province became central to post-ISIS governance questions and cross-border security arrangements.

**Detention / Saydnaya:** Detention facilities and security-control overlaps produced ongoing rights concerns.

**Chemical dossier:** No flagship chemical dossier from Hasakah in the main international legal red-line track.

### Sources

- **General documentation:** UN OCHA - Syria  
<https://www.unocha.org/syria>
- **General documentation:** OHCHR - Syria  
<https://www.ohchr.org/en/countries/syria>
- **General documentation:** UN Commission of Inquiry on Syria  
<https://www.ohchr.org/en/hr-bodies/hrc/iici-syria/index>
- **General documentation:** ICRC - Syria  
<https://www.icrc.org/en/where-we-work/middle-east/syria>
- **Detention / missing persons:** SNHR - Detainees  
<https://snhr.org/?cat=27>
- **Detention / missing persons:** Amnesty International - Syria  
<https://www.amnesty.org/en/location/middle-east-and-north-africa/syria/>

- **Detention / missing persons:** Human Rights Watch - Syria

<https://www.hrw.org/middle-east/north-africa/syria>

- **Chemical dossier:** OPCW

<https://www.opcw.org/>

- **Province-specific context:** UNOCHA - Northeast Syria

<https://www.unocha.org/syria/north-east-syria>

- **Province-specific context:** WFP Syria

<https://www.wfp.org/countries/syrian-arab-republic>